CITY OF MIAMI BEACH Office of the City Manager Letter to Commission No. 190-2004



To:

Mayor David Dermer and

Members of the City Commission

Date: July 22, 2004

From:

Jorge M. Gonzalez

City Manager

Subject:

DESIGN REVIEW BOARD DECISION - DRB FILE 17666 (7100 Fisher

Island - Palazzo Del Mar) -

Transmittal of transcript of the DRB hearing of the April 20, 2004

A transcript of the DRB hearing held on May 18, 2004 was transmitted to the Mayor and City Commission via LTC 170-2004.

Attached is the transcript of the DRB hearing held on April 20, 2004.

JMG\REP

c: Jorge Gomez, Planning Director Murray Dubbin, City Attorney

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SHUBIN & BASS

PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION

VIA HAND DELIVERY

July 22, 2004

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31TH OLERWS OFFICE

Mr. Robert Parcher City Clerk City of Miami Beach 1700 Convention Center Drive Miami Beach, Florida 33139

Re: Transcripts of DRB Proceedings

Dear Mr. Parcher:

Pursuant to your telephone conference with my office yesterday, please find attached copies of both the April 20, 2004 and the May 18, 2004 Design Review Board proceedings.

If I can be of any further assistance, please do not hesitate to contact me or my staff at the below-referenced telephone number.

Jeffred S Bass, Esq.

For the firm.

Enc.

cc: Gary Held, Esq.

Cliff Schulman, Esq.

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(Thereupon, the following proceedings were had:)

MR. MOONEY: Okay. The next application is DRB file number 17666, 7100 Fisher Island Drive, which is Palazzo del Mar, and the applicant, I believe, is ready.

Cliff, you guys are ready, right?

MR. SCHULMAN: Yes.

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MR. MOONEY: The applicant is requesting design review approval for the construction of Markon new law approval an 11-story multi-family residential building.

A similar application was approved by the Design Review Board of two years ago. The Desigh Revi applicant has brought back a slightly different all and redesigned version of that project and the architect will go into more details relative to the changes that they have made in the overall designs.

Staff does not object to this particular project as it is consistent with the established architectural form on Fisher Island. We have recommended that this application be approved subject to the conditions enumerated in the staff report.

MR. NEVILLE: Okay. MR. SCHULMAN: Mr. Chairman, members of the board, my name is Cliff Schulman. I am an attorney with offices at 1221 Brickell Avenue representing the applicant today; and at least for some of you, I am sure, this is deja vu all over again. In other words, we were previously before this board as Tom mentioned. I know Mike was on the board. I know Fred was on the board. I.'m not sure if others were.

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The history of Fisher Island needs a little bit of an explanation for some of the members of the board who were not here the last time, and with your permission, Mr. Chairman, Fisher Island is unusual in many respects. Can you hear me with this? Is this working?

For the members of the board who were here the last time I apologize for repeating myself, but it's been a few years. For those that have not been here before, Fisher Island is unique in a number of ways. It is a portion of the City of Miami Beach. In point of fact, it was originally the south tip of Miami Beach until 1906. Approximately 15 acres of Fisher Island was, in fact, the south tip of Miami Beach until the dredging of Government Cut, which was done

| in 1906.

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However, the rest of the island is in the unincorporated area save and except for the approximately 17 acres, which is basically right on Government Cut, and it's inhabited by a building called Villa del Mare, which we will hear more about in a few moments, which is within the municipality boundary of the City of Miami Beach.

In those years, when you dredged a channel, you had a waste. It was spoil. Okay. It was the dredged materials that came out of the bottom, and Fisher Island, in point of fact, 220 acres of it is basically made up of the substantially the spoil from the dredging of Government Cut. And that's why the remainder the island, other than this, is in the unincorporated area of Dade County.

In point of fact, it was ousted from the jurisdiction of the City of Miami Beach in about 1956 by its previous owners.

In 1989 this portion of the island had a history of being owned by the United States government originally used for some of the port pilots who used to dock some of their vessels in

this area and go out to meet the ships off
Government Cut. Subsequently it was turned over
to the University of Miami Rosensteil School of
Marine Science and in 1989 was acquired by
developers of the Fisher Island.

At that point in time this particular parcel was zoned by the City of Miami Beach RM-PRD, planned residential community, residential multifamily.

At that particular point the zoning on it allowed a 2.0 floor area ratio for the entire site, which has subsequently been reduced to 1.6 floor area ratio.

In 1989 this board, a predecessor of this board, in fact approved the Villa del Mare, which is presently existing at the tip, the easternmost tip of Fisher Island.

And so the island itself still has left within the City of Miami Beach approximately 12 acres, and the building which we brought before you in 2001 was basically sited in this particular site.

In 2001 we had a number of hearings. In point of fact, we had six hearings, two of which were continued, four of which went ad infinitum.

They went on in July 11, 2001; October 16; November 20; and eventually the project was approved by this board on January 15, 2002.

The original project that we brought to you had four buildings on that 12 acres. Eventually the final design was for one building on 12 acres, with future buildings to be brought back to this board on a case-by-case basis.

There was opposition, as there will be today, before the board back in 2001 and 2002, and they were the residents of Villa del Mare. And you will be hearing from them, I am sure. But these residents who basically bought in that particular building came before this board and paid in the range of \$2 million for their units, and they indicated that they didn't like Mediterranean design any more. They thought that the design that we brought before the board was boring and monotonous. They felt it was too massive.

Nonetheless, this board after these four hearings and over 300 pages of testimony approved the matter, and an appeal was taken to the city commission.

The city commission again approved the

decision of this board. We were taken to court on that, the circuit court appellate division. The circuit court upheld this board, and we are now on appeal in the third year to the district court of appeal and that matter is still pending.

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For purposes of the record, I would like to enter into the record the proceedings before this board before the city commission, before the circuit court, before the District Court of Appeal, and I hand this to the clerk for the record. (Indicating.)

Just for the record, Mr. Bass indicated he had no objection to entering that into the record. He just thought it would be heavier. Otherwise, I would have brought it in on a wheelie.

Today's proposal is somewhat different than the one that was before you in 2001 in some substantial ways. The project you approve and the building you approved in 2001 had 46 units. This proposal has 34 units, which is a 26 percent reduction in the number of units.

The building we brought before you in 2001 had approximately 250,0000 square feet of

residential floor area. The building before you has 197,000 square feet, or a 21 percent reduction in that.

The floor plate which this board, which I will show in you a moment, approved was basically substantially larger; and in point of fact, if you compare the floor plate to our nearest neighbor, Villa del Mare, their floor plate is 35,000 square feet, and this floor plate is 19,000 square feet.

In order to try to picture the changes from the last building to the present building, we tried to do so rapidly. The orange outline that you see is a building that was approved by this board in 2002 after those hearings.

The gray footprint that you see here is the building which we bring to you today, and our architect will explain the rhyme and reason why the footprint has changed so and has been reduced so. And that is basically response to market conditions.

MR. MOONEY: Cliff, I don't think that microphone is working.

MR. SCHULMAN: But for purposes of a comparison also, we thought it would be

important to show you, because you will be hearing from them, the difference between this building and other buildings on the island, as you can see in The Clusters, including Villa del Mare.

So what we did is we took our floor plan, and we superimposed it over the Villa del Mare site plan and floor plan of our nearest neighbor; and as you can see, the building which we bring to you today is substantially less than the building of even our closest neighbor. And that is shown in even more graphically when we will look -- again, on the floor plan that was previously approved. This is Villa del Mare, which is the one on the easternmost tip of the island. This is the building that was previously approved by this board, and now you can see the building.

Now one important factor was we wanted to make sure we had more than adequate, if not generous, separations between ourselves and our neighbors.

During that the course of those four hearings our building moved in 2001, 2002 from 75 feet tower to tower to eventually 166 feet

tower to tower. And that distance is basically shown here, and the project which we bring to you today maintains the 166-foot difference or separation.

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But to just give you an idea of Fisher

Island, normally the separations — this is just directly south of Villa del Mare. This is in the unincorporated area, and what you have in tower—to—tower separations in the unincorporated area ranges between 50 and 75 feet throughout the entire island. This project is separated almost two times that or 166 feet from building to building.

We wanted to try to give you an idea of the visual experience that you would have seeing this building from McArthur Causeway. So what we did is through the miracles of computer science we were able to generate our building; and as you can see, there are some other buildings on this south tip of Miami Beach that are somewhat larger than ours; and if you look very closely, I am going to bring it closer you can see it. You will see a Villa del Mare right at the tip and right next to it would be the proposed building superimposed because it is so

small, no matter how big we made this picture.

Again, we wanted to show it to you a little bit larger, and the architect will go into the specifics of the building. But the building we bring before you today computer-generated and superimposed into its site location is basically here. As you can see, it is compatible with the other buildings but different.

One of the issues before the board the last time was, can you make it somewhat different than some of the other buildings or the other buildings on Fisher Island? And the architect will indicate some of those differences, but again, we have the pedestrian walkway which traverses the entire island. The pool will be on the Government Cut side. In the original one we brought before you we actually put the pool somewhat foolishly on the other side, and we had flipped it back and still maintains in that location. And then you can see the separation between Villa del Mare and this particular building.

Now, we also wanted to analyze what impacts this project would have on the views of Villa del Mare. And so again, we computer-generated

the building in its location and looked over. This is Villa del Mare, again, that somewhat large footprint of about 35,000 square feet, superimposed our building; and as you can see, the view that would be impeded by the building basically is -- I don't know how to put this -- it's not the best view of Fisher Island. It basically is the view of Belcher Oil facility and basically the Port of Miami, or what we call Gantry Crane City, which unfortunately some of your units on Fisher Island are adjacent to the gantry cranes; but basically that view, what we tried to do was tuck it in and block out that particular gantry crane area while maintaining the views again across Government Cut.

So to emphasize the separation between the buildings, again the computer-generated building, and again Villa del Mare, with approximately 166 feet of separation between the two buildings and the ability to pass through to pedestrian walkway, which goes through the island. And looking at it another way, or the opposite way again, the separation between Villa del Mare which exists and the building of our imagination, which exists here.

What we managed to do by changing the footprint, look, it's also pull out one of the legs of the building which was basically sticking up and also blocking views of others and basically reduced the visual impacts this way.

Again, as to compatibility with our neighbor, this is Villa del Mare as it presently stands. This is looking towards South Beach. This is not on Fisher Island. The wonders of modern photography and perspective, and this is Portofino Tower. But, again, we are looking north toward Miami Beach and again south into the island which buildings I showed you earlier and their various perspectives.

Mike Angoli from the Swedroe Group will basically describe now the building itself.
Mike?

And just for purposes of the record, in case this matter goes any further, we would like all of the visual examples that we have been utilizing today incorporated in the record, and if the clerk would number them before we leave today, we will substitute small scale versions for the clerk's benefit.

1 MR. ANGOLI: Our objective in designing 2 this project, the next building --

MR. NEVILLE: I am sorry, sir. Could you just introduce yourself?

MR. ANGOLI: Yea. My name is Michael
Angoli. I am a partner in the firm of Robert
Swedroe Architects, Miami Beach.

MR. NEVILLE: Thank you.

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MR. ANGOLI: Our objective in designing this project has been to develop the next building of Fisher Island in a way that's totally compatible with the existing community.

In fact, the developers is mandate -- is mandated to do so under the terms of the original Dade County covenant, while at the same time having this building distinguish itself as a luxury residence which is unique amongst its neighbors.

First and foremost, each residence in the building, if you look at a typical floor of the building, you can see -- called for four units on the floor. There is four units on a floor here. Each unit is accessed by its own private elevator, elevator foyer, eliminating the need for corridors.

MR. CARY: Could you hold the microphone up a little closer?

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MR. ANGOLI: Each of the four units is accessed directly from the original -- from a private elevator foyer. In other words, when residents in their guests come to the dropoff at the entrance to the building, they enter into a private elevator, which takes them directly into the apartment.

MR. CARY: We're losing you on the public record. You've got to hold the mike closer, please.

MR. ANGOLI: They are not required to exit their elevator and circulate down a corridor to the front door of the building.

This -- while this is considered common practice in luxury condominiums of this size today, it is unique to Fisher Island, and it will be the first building of its kind designed this way.

Secondly, as the visitors and guests arrive at the building, they will enter into a second level air conditioned entry foyer which will have unobstructed views to the ocean and Government Cut as you can see right here.

And in addition to the two lanai level 1 units with the standard expanded private terraces on either corner of the building, and also this building will also contain public amenities for residents of this building alone, which will include the fitness center, the pilates studio, a guest suite, public toilets and home theater. Again, this is unique to the

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existing buildings.

With regard to the exterior of the building, our intention is to use the same rich pallet of materials and colors that exist on the island today, which include fish tail -- a fish scale stucco texturing, precast stone columns and moldings, barrel tile, terracotta barrel tile roofs, ornamental railings and deep terraces.

All in all, we think that this building will totally will blend seemlessly into the existing environment, yet at the same time we think it will serve to enhance Fisher Island's reputation as one of the premier luxury resort residential communities.

If you have any other questions regards to the specifics, I will be glad to answer.

MR. NEVILLE: Mr. Schulman, I am not sure that you explained why this is coming back in front of us.

MR. SCHULMAN: Yes, sir. The existing buildings, which is in litigation limbo, for lack of better term, we have been looking at the this particular design for issues of salability.

As you can well imagine, things have changed in three years as to what kind of units that are out there that we are competing with. And so what we basically did is did a revamp of the building looking at a more salable unit, including the availability of public spaces within the lobby area, which the older buildings on Fisher Island do not have, individual elevators, as well as maximizing views. And so that caused us basically to compress the building, get rid of a wing, if you will, and certain number of units to maximize these unit and also make them larger for redesign.

So that litigation will continue. This building is also one which we wish to pursue and basically put on the marketplace, see how the market responds to it. So that's why we are back before you. Staff felt compelled, I guess

because of the somewhat elongated history, not to administratively make a determination as to whether or not this was substantially in accordance with the previously approved building and suggested that we bring it back to the board.

MR. NEVILLE: If this is approved, are you going to drop your plans for the other building or --

MR. SCHULMAN: We don't know yet. The other building is still out there. If it's approved by the courts, we will then have the opportunity to see which one perhaps the residents want us to build.

MR. MOONEY: This is a separate application from the one that was approved before, so in the event that the board was to approve this particular application in some form, they would essentially have two applications to choose from to build on the site. And we did indicate to the applicant that we thought that the changes that they made to the building were substantial, and that they could not be approved administratively. It would have to come back to this board as new approval.

MR. NEVILLE: That is kind of my question actually I was leading up to asking you. Is it possible to have two different approvals for the same site?

MR. MOONEY: Yes.

MR. NEVILLE: It is? Okay.

MR. SCHULMAN: And lastly, Mr. Chairman, the only thing I would add, and I will be available for any questions, is the staff in the report recommendations raised some issues regarding the height of the building and whether or not variances would be required.

This is a mansard roof, and under the code we believe it meets the requirements for height and is in total compliance from a zoning point of view, and I believe staff has verified that.

MR. MOONEY: Yes. And let me just verify for the record this is a mansard roof. And it has been measured to the top of the slab and it does meet the code requirements for roof heights.

MR. KNIGHT: Mr. Chairman, may I ask a question for legal counsel? Understanding you can apply for two -- anybody in the city could apply and bring two completely fully developed

plans in for the same site and have the DRB
approve both plans and then choose which one to
build?

MR. CARY: Yes, that happened with the Continuum site.

MR. HELD: I have no reason to disagree with staff's opinion on that.

MR. KNIGHT: Does that affect, however, does anything we do today affect the legal case that is moving its way through the courts? In other words, my question is — that's really my question is, does by taking action today in any way involve the city or whatever else is going on here?

MR. HELD: We are already to party because we are defending the prior DRB board decision. I am sure the applicant's attorney would not be bringing this application if it were not in the best interest of the applicant, so whatever benefits or disadvantages there may be, we will just deal with that.

MR. SCHULMAN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. We are here to answer any questions.

MR. NEVILLE: Does anybody have any questions for the applicant?

Do you have a rendering or .1 MR. STEFFENS: 2 photograph that is similar to that view of the 3 previous project we approved? I did not bring a large 4 MR. SCHULMAN: 5 scale one, Mr. Steffens. I did bring a small 6 scale one if you will just give me a moment. 7 Also, do you have one of the MR. STEFFENS: photographs of the Villa del Mare building --8 9 MR. SCHULMAN: Yes. 10 -- that you could put up MR. STEFFENS: that we could look at? 11 12 I apologize, it's in black MR. SCHULMAN: 13 and white. 14 MS. HYMAN: The design review board could 15 not make comment on anything because was so 16 reduced we could not read it. This is very, 17 very small. 18 Cliff, could you give us MR. STEFFENS: 19 some other pictures of the Villa del Mare that 20 are a little clearer like those? 21 MR. SCHULMAN: Yes. Okay. 22 This is Villa del Mare as it exists. And 23 this is the proposed building here. 24 MR. KNIGHT: What is the height of the

Villa del Mare as compared to the --

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1 MR. SCHULMAN: One hundred twenty feet. 2 MR. KNIGHT: And the new building? 3 MR. SCHULMAN: Again, 120 feet is the 4 height of this particular parcel. 5 MR. NEVILLE: And in stories? How many 6 stories comparatively? 7 This building is ten. MR. SCHULMAN: It's 8 Ten, ten over parking. one more story. Okay. 9 MR. NEVILLE: How large is the existing 10 building? 11 MR. SCHULMAN: Nine over parking. 12 MR. NEVILLE: Anybody else have any questions or we will just open it up to the 13 14 public and bring it back to the board. 15 All right. Let's open up to the public. 16 Anybody from the public like to speak on this 17 application, please step forward. 18 Do you want to take those boards down? 19 MR. SCHULMAN: No, personally I want to 20 leave them up. Objection. 21 MR. NEVILLE: Little friendly legal banter I quess, right? 22 23 Definitely legal banter. MR. SCHULMAN: 24 MR. BASS: And I would dare characterize it as friendly as well. Although, we will see if 25

my friend Cliff disagrees.

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I am told that the real reason they filed this application, is that they were suffering from separation anxiety. They hadn't had the opportunity to spend a lot of time with me and their neighbors, but we will see whether or not Cliff disagrees with that.

For the record, Mr. Chairman, members of the board, Jeffrey Bass is my name, 46 Southwest First Street is my address. I am here representing the condominium association referenced as Villa del Mare, although their proper name is Oceanside of Fisher Island Condominium Association No. 5, Inc. as well as certain individual residents, owners of that building and importantly citizens of the City of Miami Beach, who -- some of whom have joined me today, and that's Mr. and Mrs. Steve Burke and Mr. Skippy Pines. And unfortunately, Mr. David Paretsky is ill and can't be with us. further joined by Ms. Suzanne Martinson, a licensed architect, and former member of this board many years ago.

On a housekeeping, a few housekeeping items, I have no problem to incorporating the

record of the prior proceeding into the record of this proceeding, but recognizing this is an entirely separate and independent proceeding and the prior proceedings are in no way binding on this board.

We also throughout the prior proceedings raised a series of constitutional challenges to your design review board ordinance itself. We recognize that this is not the proper arena to raise the arguments. However, nothing we say today should be construed as admitting that they are constitutionally firm.

Cliff did an excellent job summarizing some of the history leading up to the presentation before you. Those members who were on the board recognize, and I think the staff recognizes, that the fundamental, the fundamental philosophical question before this board is whether or not this site should be treated differently because it is on Fisher Island. That's another way of saying, would you approve a Mediterranean Revival building like this anywhere else within the City of Miami Beach?

In this regard, I have to correct one thing that Cliff said. Cliff characterized our

opposition as being anti-Mediterranean Revival in the prior proceedings. That is not the case. We never came out against the language of Mediterranean Revival. What we did say, however, was the prior architectural treatment didn't include any of those components that made for good Mediterranean Revival. And in -- I think proof of the pudding is in the eating. We went through lengthy, lengthy hearings. We went through a series of revisions, four buildings, three buildings, and then one building.

The four building plan was colorfully referred to as mimicking Lefrak City or Co-op City because when you have -- and it was a great line, certainly a classic line because when you line a -- when you line up this type of building and you create this type of fabric, a term that the board used in its prior proceedings to describe the resulting architecture was monotony. There was much debate as to whether or not the architecture in the prior proceedings was monotonous.

So and rather than straight ahead and up front trying to cure the monotony, what they did was they constricted the scope of the project

from four buildings to three buildings to finally to the one building, which I understood from Cliff's proceeding to be basically unmarketable, unsellable, and that's why they are here coming back to the drawing board.

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The lesson of the prior proceeding is they can do better if you make them, but they are not going to do better on their own. And we respectfully submit that they can do better and they should do better than the building that is before you.

I am not going to address the architecture, per se, because I know how much the board loves hearing lawyers speak about architecture. So we have Suzanne Martinson to address that.

But on what I will call sort of the legal component of this board's consideration or the philosophical component of this board's consideration, you have something unique in the RM-PRD district, something that exists almost nowhere, and that is you have a minimum lot size of ten acres.

When you look at the staff report in this case, they look at what is the size of the lot. They described it as eleven acres. And one of

the standards that this board is obligated to try to apply, if you can apply it, is to look at a building and determine whether or not that building represents an efficient arrangement of land use relative to the surrounding community.

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We have said that there is nothing that planning abhors more than piecemeal development. And so rather than coming in with the one building, and we will show you the rest later, we have said that we need to do it in reverse. Show us what you are going to do so you can have a meaningful opportunity to comment on the design because you know if you approve this building, you are going to have an almost impossible time saying no to the next building, and then what we have here is an impenetrable and monotonous wall of building next to building next to building lining what has indisputably been characterized as the most prominent remaining building site in Miami Beach.

Now, the prior proceedings were fascinating in terms of you can never really predict how a jury or how an audience like the board is going to react to things. One of the most, I thought, insightful comments raised was that raised by

Don Worth, and he said, let's stop for a moment and pause and think about not how this building is going to be experienced by Mr. Bass's clients and their Villa del Mare because we owe a greater obligation to the City. How are people in South Pointe Park going to react to this?

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And in the prior proceedings staff wrote a recommendation more telling than this. went out of its way to indicate that it was not a fan of the architecture proposed, and that a great case could be made for having Government Cut, serve as an architectural corridor, not of a derivative form of architecture that mimics everything that Dade County approved, but of something in the words used by the chair earlier this morning and the words used by the board then, speaks to architecture of its time, and I would like to just read what staff put in its report in the prior proceedings because that component of the analysis has not changed, and this is reading from the staff report of the prior submission:

"A case can be made for introducing an architectural style which is of its time and less a duplication of established period of

architecture. As previously indicated, although
Fisher Island is private and the scale and
context of the proposed new structures will not
be readily viewed and experienced by the general
public, these structures will define the
architectural corridor of Government Cut."

In this regard, the properties on the north side of Government Cut are characterized by architecture of its time, and buildings that contribute, not only to the scale and character of the South Pointe area, but create an attractive and appropriate architectural corridor for those experiencing Miami Beach, not from within my client's condos but those experiencing Miami Beach from the water, and I think one of those questions this board should have is what acknowledgment does this rendering have or does this building have to those experiencing Government Cut from the water? And I think the answer is none whatsoever.

"The new" -- continuing from the staff
report -- "The new development of a project on
Fisher Island could augment this architectural
corridor for those experiencing Miami Beach from
the water. The new development could augment

this corridor by utilizing a less derivative building form and developing an architectural concept of its time."

And they go on and in full fairness to context say, "However, the design chosen to the proposed development is consistent with the established building form of Fisher Island, and that the residents of Miami Beach will not really experience proposed development in any direct way."

That's what staff said last time, and I think they say the same thing this time. When you read their staff report, it could hardly be characterized as cheerleading for the architecture of this project. And having sat through the proceedings this morning, I know that this board will have a difficult time reconciling a lot of the insightful comments and criticisms that it gave to, for example, the Wes Baylinson project which was, without question that was great; but when you look at the Byron Apartments, you started to see images of this. You see a large building. The only difference is, you know, maybe the next 20 years rather than brown, if they paint it pink, the

resemblance will be closer.

But the question that I want to ask staff just point blank to help shape the debate is:

Would staff recommend the approval of this building anywhere else within the City of Miami Beach? And I will ask that question to Mr. Cary through the Chair and I will ask Mr. Mooney to respond to it as well. This is a quasi-judicial hearing, and I do have that right. They are friends, so I am going to not pose it as cross-examination. I would just like to get staff's comments on that question.

MR. CARY: Well, there has been a formula of architecture that has been developed for this area Fisher Island. The building that's proposed works within that formula. Does that formula work elsewhere in Miami Beach? No, it wouldn't because it would not be relevant to other areas of Miami Beach.

There might be maybe a specific location where the board may wish to consider from a Mediterranean Revival style of architecture, but this is major hi-rise architecture, but it's consistent with the form of what's already been evolved for Fisher Island.

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MR. CARY:

Would we want to see this building located elsewhere on Miami Beach? I would be hard pressed to identify a location where we would like to see it and recommend it be approved.

MR. BASS: This is, if I could have follow-ups, do you recall recommending an approval of a building like that anywhere else within the City of Miami Beach in this Mediterranean Revival style in the last year?

No.

MR. BASS: And just to follow up to your formula, could you explain to me where that formula for the context was established or how you -- how you reached your conclusion?

MR. CARY: Well, the formula is established on Fisher Island in itself, and I would imagine the formula revolved from the original mansion that was designed on Fisher Island, which is the Mediterranean Revival style; and so I would imagine — I don't think either Tom or I were here when the first buildings were approved for Fisher Island, but they, you know, chose to take the architecture of a low-rise architecture and apply it to a hi-rise multifamily residential developed architecture by applying barrel tile

1 roofs and the architectural elements and 2 features which are more related to the 3 Mediterranean Revival style of architecture. 4 And usually we look at a building such as is 5 proposed, we are going to end up having a 6 Campanile, which is ten stories or eleven 7 stories in height, which is not really 8 characteristic of that type of architecture 9 Usually a Campanile is associated with stvle. 10 single-family residence of this style which may 11 be three stories in height or something like 12 that, but it's not inconsistent with that which 13 has already been designed for Fisher Island. 14 MR. BASS: And do you know whether that 15 which has already been designed has undergone 16 design review? 17 MR. MOONEY: I don't think so. 18 19

I would defer to Tom on that.

Since I have been here for eleven years and this is the first building that I reviewed for approval on Fisher Island.

MR. BASS: Thank you.

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MR. CARY: I mean, the architecture is not consistent with the philosophy, you know, general philosophy of the board and the staff

and architecture should be of its time on Miami
Beach. That's why this is a very special design
environment.

MR. BASS: Thank you very much and thank you for the opportunity to ask you those questions. Couple of more points, and I will move on.

MR. NEVILLE: Okay.

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MR. BASS: And they are largely technical in nature.

To begin with, none of the studies that I saw today were included in the submission in the design review file. Just the opposite is in fact the case. When you review the submissions and the design review, the kit as you call it, we believe that they are deficient. We believe that the staff report recognizes it as such. You almost never see a staff report where the FAR of the building is proposed is N/A. when you look through the submissions, the best that I could see in terms of a context study is page eleven. And if you were to turn to page eleven, I know that Ms. Martinson is going to use page eleven as one of the speaking points, because you don't even have a site plan as part

of your submission. At best you have is what's known as a partial site plan, making it very difficult to appreciate what's happening here within the proper context, and we would submit without a proper site plan submitted it would be impossible for this board to discharge its review duties to determine the satisfaction of the design criteria.

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I have a few handouts. Unfortunately, I am a few short. So I am going to hand them to the They are nothing different than those which we previously used in the prior proceedings. They are some pictures of the existing conditions on Fisher Island that I think help illustrate what our cause for concern is if this same building prototype is allowed to replicate without any meaningful differentiation whatsoever, and also to again confirm the fact we are not saying no to Med. Revival. We are saying no to bad Med. Revival. We have collected a series of images which we believe present pure components of Med. Revival which we would like to see introduced into any building that is constructed so close to ours.

We are not going to discuss zoning before

you because we know that that issue is not before this board. We are not going to discuss density before you. We are not going to discuss height before you. We have limited our comments today to the architecture of this building, and we would hope that you would give this building the same robust review that you give to any other building that is filed within the City of Miami Beach for your consideration.

We believe that because you wouldn't approve this building anywhere else, you can't and shouldn't approve it here without significant modifications. And that said, I would like to ask Suzanne Martinson to come up and speak briefly about the architecture.

MR. STEFFENS: Before you go, before you go, you just want better Mediterranean Revival architecture?

MR. BASS: What I said was, we want better. And what I also said was, we are not here to say no to Mediterranean Revival categorically, and we have never said that.

What we said was, when you look to this building, when you look to the elements of this building, this building really is nothing to get

excited about. I never heard anybody say
anything from your staff positive about it other
than that it kind of blends in and maybe it will
disappear.

MR. STEFFENS: Do you want better architecture or do you want better Mediterranean Revival architecture?

MR. BASS: I don't see the two as being inconsistent objectives. Certainly better

Mediterranean architecture would be better --

MR. STEFFENS: Well just depends on how descriptive we get. Because we could just look for better architecture and leave it open, and then you could end up with a Helmut Jahn building next to your neighbors, which I don't know if they would really prefer that, or we can look for better Mediterranean Revival architecture so that maybe there is something compatible with the neighbors.

MR. BASS: Let me, if I may respond to your comment, I don't think that this board should handcuff itself in any way in terms of its review of the development proposed for this site. In all fairness, however, Mr. Schulman has said, and we don't dispute, there are

certain constraints on the developer as it relates to the style of building.

So I am not going to stand here and be a cutey pie and tell you to go make him build a Helmut Jahn building when I know that he can't do that. That's not our position whatsoever, and it would be a mischaracterization to conclude as such.

What we are here to say is, they can do better than the building that they have suggested. And it's up to you all to make sure that they do, and we would look forward to hearing the comments or criticisms that you might have as to what could make it better.

MR. CHEVALIER: What is constraining him?

MR. BASS: I am sorry. I will let

Mr. Schulman on rebuttal respond to that. It's

my understanding that there is a constraint

contained in a -- either the covenant,

self-imposed developer covenant that limits in

some broad terms the ultimate design to prohibit

a Helmut Jahn glass and steel curtain building.

But I will let Mr. Schulman respond to that.

And I think it's a very relevant question, but

no, we are not seeking to put him in a Catch-22

dilemma in any respect.

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I feel like we are in a MR. LEFTON: Catch-22 with your comments where you have suggested that you want a better Med. Revival building. So let's say if we could somehow agree that we have the best, whatever that is, whatever that is, the best Med. Revival building, you have also told us that we shouldn't approve this because we wouldn't approve it elsewhere. And I think even the best, whatever that is, Med. Revival building, we wouldn't approve anywhere else, so I am not sure how if we get to yours or anybody else's definition of what the best is, that we can still respond to your concern that we wouldn't approve it anywhere else, and I am caught in a question of what are you looking for?

MR. KNIGHT: And let me add one third point to those two previous points; and that is, it's not clear to me if you are asking for the best Mediterranean Revival or if you are asking for us to view this building as a building that would go any place else on Miami Beach, or if indeed you are really saying a third point, that you don't want any building, any additional

building approved until you have a full building plan for the rest of the remaining unbuilt area of the Miami Beach portion of Fisher Island.

MR. BASS: I will start in the reverse if I may. Absolutely yes to the last. Not an inconsistent position. That is to say, we really don't think it's appropriate for this board to approve any building there without understanding the context of those buildings that are going to populate the rest of that site. So that, that I make as an independent point. Independent of the other two.

To respond to, as best as I can recall, points one through three, our positions are the following: We want the best building possible. I never said we want the best Med. Revival building. We want the best building possible.

What I did concede, however, point of fact, Mr. Schulman says he might have trouble building the best building possible if it's anything other than Med. Revival. I am not here to advocate Med. Revival in any form, but I am certainly not here to oppose it, either.

However you dice it, they can do a better building than this building, and I think it's up

to this board to explore where this building can be approved, and it's up to this board to determine what language is appropriate for those improvements.

MR. NEVILLE: Okay.

MR. CHEVALIER: Do you think the building --

MR. NEVILLE: Peter, do you have something else to add?

MR. CHEVALIER: How would you judge the building that you are representing in terms an example of Med. Revival?

MR. BASS: Let me answer that question as candidly as I can. My clients didn't build their building. None of them are architects or purport to be architects. They bought a building anchoring a point of land at a point in time when there was nothing around them. The entire context has changed. At the time, and this is in the record of the prior proceedings, at the time that they bought there was a representation made to them and, in fact, if you look at the survey before you, you can see that site is platted for 12 estate homes.

Now, we are not here to tell you to make

them build 12 estate homes, although I would be lying of i tell you it wouldn't delight us or even 24 estate homes, but we are not here to make that argument. What we are here to tell you is that the proposition of living next to, in that building that my clients live in, 12 single-family estates on Government Cut versus being sandwiched into a wall of like buildings are two palpably different positions.

I am not here to tell you that our building is the greatest building from any architectural standpoint. It has movement to it and contours to it that the proposed — the new proposed building does not. You look at the flat, drop edges of this building and I will let Suzanne Martinson, an architect speak to that, but I am not here to hold out our building as any postcard for great Med. Revival architecture. I will simply say, you know, we didn't build it, we didn't develop it and we didn't approve it.

MR. NEVILLE: I have a little concern about what you said about having the best possible building. We all want the best building on every application that comes through here, but we are not in the business of dictating who the

architect is.

Maybe the best building could be designed by some architect from somewhere else that, we are not going to tell the developer who to hire as an architect. We have had architects come through here that are less talented than others perhaps, and we have worked with them to get the best building possible that perhaps that architect can design for that site. And I think that's what, you know, we are all in agreement for, but to just state that the mission is to get the best building possible I think is maybe not possible.

Not only that, there is cost constraints perhaps. So we can't tell the developer to, you know, open your pocketbook and spend freely to make the best building. There is obvious constraints that we all know about, and we have to treat that have I think very delicately.

MR. BASS: Well, certainly nothing I should say should have been viewed as passing on the qualifications of one architect over another. I spent enough time before this board to know that revisions and improvement go hand in hand. It's very infrequently the case that a project is

presented to this board and they come out 1 2 without having any meaningful input from this 3 board in terms of how to make the building better. 4 5 That's what we are here for. MR. NEVILLE: 6 MR. KNIGHT: May I ask the attorney one 7 Is it within the purview of other question? 8 this board to say that we cannot act on a 9 particular building unless we have a plan for the entire buildout of an area? 10 11 Staff has a comment that you MR. HELD: 12

might want to listen to before --

We have not done that in the MR. MOONEY: past and so --

> Have or have not? MR. KNIGHT:

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We have not done that in the MR. MOONEY: past.

If you are asking whether it's MR. HELD: within your discretion to say that, it probably is within your discretion. However, it's not required, and the building can stand on its own might.

I have another question for MR. STEFFENS: the attorney. What are your clients going to do when they propose a building to the south of

1 them that doesn't go through design review? 2 MR. BASS: To the south of them, I am not 3 sure. 4 MR. STEFFENS: The empty building site for 5 the south of them? 6 MR. BASS: I would be speculating. 7 be speculating. 8 MR. CHEVALIER: It's not in the City of 9 Miami Beach. 10 MR. BASS: That's a good point. Obviously 11 the balance of the island was developed without 12 design review because it's not within the City 13 of Miami Beach. When you look at the rest of 14 the island you can see that design review can 15 serve a very salient point, but I would be 16 speculating. 17 MR. STEFFENS: And the site directly 18 adjacent, that's an empty building site. That's 19 not Miami Beach. That's not subject to design 20 review. 21 MR. SCHULMAN: Just to clear the record up, 22 that site is developed at the present time. 23 MR. STEFFENS: That has been developed? 24 MR. SCHULMAN: Yes. 25 MR. STEFFENS: So your photographs are not

1 up to date? 2 MR. SCHULMAN: That's correct. Let me just 3 point that out to you. 4 MR. STEFFENS: Okay. 5 MR. MOONEY: Mr. Chairman, after this item 6 there is one more item, it's a request for 7 rehearing for the Marlborough House. 8 planning board has a meeting at two o'clock in 9 these chambers and so we received a request if 10 we could try to finish everything up between 11 1:30 and 1:45. 12 That's fine. MR. NEVILLE: 13 MR. SCHULMAN: Let me just point out this 14 particular site, which is that what you are 15 referring to? 16 MR. STEFFENS: Yes. 17 Two buildings are now MR. SCHULMAN: 18 existing in this particular site in the 19 unincorporated area. 20 MR. STEFFENS: Okay. 21 By the way, they are 75 feet MR. SCHULMAN: 22 away from this building. 23 MR. STEFFENS: Were they challenged? 24 MR. SCHULMAN: No. 25 MR. NEVILLE: Okay. Suzanne, we have been

alerted that we have to vacate at 1:45. Okay.

MS. MARTINSON: For the record, my name is Suzanne Martinson. I reside at 7910 Southwest 54th Court, Miami, Florida 33143, and I am a licensed architect, and I would like to readapt my prior statements concerning this site and for a building of this nature.

This building is very similar in the presentations that you have seen before. It's a formulaic solution, and it fails to capture the potential magnificence of this site at the entrance to the harbor of Miami and Government Cut.

Architecturally speaking, it's an extruded form. There is seven floor plates that are bilaterally symmetrical and stacked one on top of another creating the same elevational detail in that region, the midbody of the building, and it's placed on a parking podium and with the penthouse levels that are roofed above it to cap off the building.

It has the appearance of an engineered design solution and seems to have been valued, engineered down to -- down to its minimal essence with a few Mediterranean Revival details

on the building.

I would definitely like to see more of a creative concept for the development of the site, and I have no qualms about the use of Mediterranean Revival architecture. We have discussed this in the past; that it has a particularly rich vocabulary and coming off as a segment of classical architecture that allows architects a great variety in the vocabulary and especially the creation of space.

I would like to see this building take the opportunity on the site, have varied heights to the structure instead of a completely stacked plate approach. All of the wonderful issues that you have been discussing, smaller projects on Miami Beach, a relationship to the pedestrian street, the relationship to an automotive street, your sense of arrival and entrance from land side, the sense of arrival into the ship of arrival into Miami, the view from the other side of Miami Beach across the Government Cut, the view there to this particular site.

Within the Mediterranean vocabulary you have the great potential of the solid void relationship that you could create spaces within

the complex of the building itself. The exploration of that, the juxtaposition of scale within the building envelope, some of the elevational ideas that could be used. The opportunity to pop out sections of the building for different roof structures.

I would like you to refer to page eleven, as Jeff said, in the architectural drawings.

This was the presentation of the contextual elevation, and you can see the relationship of the new building to the existing building. The existing building at least has a step-down facade. No attempt to pick up on a cornice height maybe that might have been established by an existing building that this building is relating to. This is a shear extrusion up.

Opportunity to break down some of the roofs, lower the scale possibly, and there is a great variety of things that can be done if one really applied themself.

I mean, I have the feeling when I look at this project that it was designed not to context, similar to the lack of information supplied on this page, with the plan just brought in through AutoCat, put down on the

site. You don't even have a whole plan on the site to see how it relates and the same thing set on the ground level line. It's just flown in and plopped down, and it could be flopped down anywhere along this eleven-acre site.

And what is the real shame here is that one has a great opportunity to take this valuable land and really design something meaningful and worthwhile for Fisher Island in and of itself, not even Miami Beach, but for Fisher Island; that they have a variety of spaces and a variety of pedestrian/golf cart/car experiences to activate the architecture.

Back to sheet eleven, the lack of design and recognition of context again is evident in the sheet, and the whole parceling of the site I think would be very important here, and you know, maybe a different marketing approach. We don't -- we are not within the purview to, you know, tell them what to do, but I mean they could make it a very exiting, salable thing just from a different point of view instead of having the same mid-rise building that they have been offering on the island. There is a great opportunity here.

1 In conclusion I would like to say that the 2 design -- I hope that the design review board 3 doesn't approve this submittal, and that they would call upon the designers of this building 4 5 to meet the same high standards and the -- and 6 to pay attention to all of the levels of 7 architectural detail and concerns that you have 8 about pedestrians and viewers and importance of 9 the site and make them adhere to your stringent 10 requirements. 11 MR. NEVILLE: Thank you, Suzanne. 12 Anyone else from the public would like to

Anyone else from the public would like to speak? Okay, Mr. Bass, do you have something more to say?

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MR. BASS: Yes, just wrapping up again, I want to thank you for your opportunity. I would like to conclude by saying we don't believe that they have met their burden of proving they have satisfied the standards by substantial and competent evidence, and we would ask you to make them go back to the drawing board and design a better building.

MR. NEVILLE: We will close it to the public if no one else wants to come up.

I was on the board the last time this thing

came in four times, and when I saw this in my packet, believe me, I shuddered because it was very contentious. The fact is, to my memory it is really the most contentious application that I have seen come through here. I have spoke in favor of this from the very first meeting, and I will just keep my comments brief and to the point why I spoke in favor of it at the time.

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Number one, yes, it is part of Miami Beach and, no, I would not approve this anywhere else. There is no greater advocate for architecture of today than I am. That's what I encourage, and that's what I promote, and this doesn't and did not meet those requirements. However, it's part of Fisher Island. Yeah, it's in Miami Beach, but it's part of Fisher Island. The context is not Miami Beach, but Fisher Island. And it's so detached that I made a point that you have to get there by a ferry. You can't even get there from the roads of Miami Beach. It's not likely at all that any resident in the main island of Miami Beach would go and view this building no matter what its outcome may be. Yeah, you would be able to see from across the Government Cut. If it wasn't there, it wouldn't change

dramatically the view. I think you are going to still see the same type of architecture, whether it's there or not.

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So I didn't think it was detrimental, even from that point of view. All right.

However, this, as Mr. Schulman pointed out, this went through four different applications or four different presentations. Each one Suzanne and Mr. Bass brought up certain things, and I really do think that in hindsight their points helped sway the board to tell the applicant to improve the building, which is what they are doing today, and I really do feel like the building was improved during that time, although I can't remember -- I remember there was one version I really liked, and I don't remember if that was the last version or not, but it seemed to be a little more stripped down or something; but I think rather than having these people come back four or five times, I don't know what you are all feeling about this project, but my feeling is if we can get Suzanne and their architect together, and they come back and everybody agrees that this is the type of building that should be there, it's marketable.

It meets the criteria that Ms. Martinson has put out as being somewhat acceptable architecture or even better than that, then we live in a perfect world. So I would encourage that. I would like to hear how you feel.

MR. SCHULMAN: Mr. Chairman, can I address that before we go much further with that?

I think Mr. Bass was quite candid with the board as to the type of architecture that he and his clients would like to see here, and that is a Mediterranean Revival single-family lot concept, and we understand that. We know that Jeff and I can walk outside right now and we can agree upon that and we would be done.

We also know that over the entire period of time that we went through the almost year of board review we never were able to reach agreement with our neighbors regarding what they wanted to see on the site in the way of architectural nuances. This board eventually wanted the building to be somewhat different and this building is somewhat different. It's smaller in mass. It's substantially different than any other building on Fisher Island, and I don't think that that's going to really do

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Without getting into the specifics of it,

Mr. Bass and I have spoken about this building

before we filed the application, and we were

unable to agree to any understanding with regard

to this building.

This building we believe stands on its own, and nothing that we say will change the fact that our neighbors don't want a building of this size next to it, and I don't care if you designed it with Helmut Jahn, Carlos Ott, whatever architect that you manage to find, all right, and it was this size building which has been approved for this site since the beginning of zoning when it was zoned on Miami Beach, there is not going to be in agreement with us regarding that, and I virtually guarantee that, and I know you are well intentioned, Mr. Chairman, because like to try to reach consensus, but there is really no consensus They don't want us there. All right. They live in a building and the proof -- the proof of the pudding is in the eating. Jeff said it. All right. They live in a building which right now they are telling you

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      is bad architecture and their excuse is they
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                        They bought it for $2 million
      didn't build it.
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      or more, and now the next building, they don't
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      like this one because it's bad architecture,
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      which I disagree with. I think Robert Swedroe &
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     Associates is quality architecture, and they
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     have attempted to keep the flavor of the island
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     but changed it substantially from any other
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     building on the island so it stands alone.
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     are not going to agree architecturally with
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     Suzanne on a building or Jeff or his clients, as
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     long as it's a building that comes out of the
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     ground.
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          MR. NEVILLE:
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     recommendation I would make with any, any
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     application --
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          MR. SCHULMAN:
                          This is different.
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          MR. NEVILLE:
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     neighbors that object. Get together with the
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     neighbors, and you know, let's come together.
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     Let's make this a really nice --
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          MR. SCHULMAN:
                         I know and we tried and --
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I would also counsel against

Okay.

MR. NEVILLE:

MR. HELD:

that recommendation.

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1 MR. NEVILLE: Okay. All right. 2 that off the board. 3 MR. STEFFENS: Counsel, against which 4 recommendation? 5 MR. HELD: Sending the architects to try 6 and work together to a bring up a solution 7 because --8 Bring staff. Let staff do MR. CHEVALIER: 9 that. 10 MR. STEFFENS: Put staff between them. 11 MR. HELD: Exercise in futility. 12 MS. HYMAN: With a referee. 13 MR. NEVILLE: Let's do our job then. Let's 14 debate the project. 15 MR. SCHULMAN: Can I finish up my last 16 point on rebuttal? And that is, I would like to 17 ask William a question, also again in the nature 18 of, not in the nature of cross-examination. 19 What role, if any, does context play when 20 you are judging whether or not a particular 21 architectural style is acceptable or 22 unacceptable? Does context play a role? 23 MR. CARY: Of course context plays a role. 24 MR. SCHULMAN: Is there any other place in

Miami Beach that would meet the context of

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Fisher Island as it presently exists architecturally?

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MR. CARY: Not as -- perhaps not as a thoroughly because it's been so exercised in Fisher Island.

The only other points I MR. SCHULMAN: would raise, Mr. Chairman, is that, again, this building is not a mirror image of the building next door. It's substantially smaller. different. It does not have the same floor plate as our neighbors. It is a different building, and in point of fact, we believe it's a better example of contemporary Mediterranean, if you will, than the building in which these residents live, which is good architecture to begin with for Fisher Island; and we do disagree that this is not good architecture, especially coming from those that live in the building and basically paid for it with their hard-earned dollars in order to basically enjoy the lovely architecture that they have.

MR. NEVILLE: Thanks, Mr. Schulman. Let's open up here to the board. Anybody like to take the initial step? Mike?

MR. STEFFENS: As Cliff stated, I was here

last time and Mr. Bass quoted me on Lefrak City, and I was also more or less in agreement with what you were -- with what you were reiterating, Greg, about this being separate, this being Fisher Island, this being those type of buildings.

But I do have to say that I think that this building is more devoid of architecture, whether it be Mediterranean style architecture or Med.

Revival or whatever we want to call it, than any building that we have seen proposed yet for this site.

I think this building, while I don't agree with this architecture in any place else on Miami Beach other than Fisher Island, I think this building needs a lot of work before it could exist on Fisher Island.

So I would say that the architect would need to take another look at this building and do some more work on it and come back to us. I don't have a problem approving the Fisher Island kind of building, but I just don't think this really works very well.

MR. NEVILLE: Mike, I leave it up to you. If you want to be any more specific and send the

architect, if it comes to that, send the architect away with any recommendations that would improve it or what they should focus on perhaps.

MR. STEFFENS: I think Suzanne made a lot of good comments in this building. It's a slab. It's not really articulated very well. The scale and proportions of the openings are not handled very well. There is not a lot of articulation in the height. It doesn't step down. You know, the Mediterranean Revival buildings aren't a slab, you know. It needs some more articulation in it and more scale quality.

MR. NEVILLE: Okay. Thank you, Mike.

Peter?

MR. CHEVALIER: I would like to add actually two things. I think we do, just to reiterate, we do look at the context and the relevance and contextually this type of architecture is relevant to its context.

The other thing is I think the board should think about is it how far we want to go with the piecemeal treatment of a site, and do we want to see a master plan for this site? Do we want to

go there? And do we want to get into that? It always makes me uncomfortable when someone says, I am doing this here and I will show you the rest later.

MR. NEVILLE: I think we can only assume this is the only building intended to be put on the site because it's the only one on the application.

MR. CHEVALIER: Then they should tell us that.

MR. NEVILLE: However, the last application had three buildings and then it went to one, but -- how did it finally come out, Tom?

MR. CHEVALIER: This hasn't been designed as building sitting at one end of a site and the rest to be --

MR. HELD: Sure, it has. This is a phased development. This is the first of probably three buildings. Yes, sir.

MR. STEFFENS: On South Pointe, it was the original South Pointe Tower, that project included all of that land in there, and it was originally a proposal to do four or five sort of similar towers in that area.

MR. MOONEY: That went by the wayside

because as you can see, it was developed
piecemeal. Each individual building was brought
before this board for approval at different
times.

MR. STEFFENS: But the original site plan showed that tower and --

MR. MOONEY: Yes.

MR. STEFFENS: -- four or five footprints of other similar towers, and then when it came back we weren't getting those other similar towers. We were getting other buildings.

So if we here, if we get a site plan proposal, they will come back to us at a later date and in a similar fashion revise those other towers where those footprints are.

MR. HELD: But you will be assured it will be consistent architecture.

MR. KNIGHT: Ultimately you need a frame of reference to --

MR. MOONEY: Ultimately you retain final control over what is going to be constructed on the other portions of this site, which would be to the immediate southwest of this site.

So whether it's shown now or shown to you two or three years later, you are still going to

retain control.

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In point of fact, Mr. MR. SCHULMAN: Chairman, the previous court order basically said that specifically we would have to come back to you for any other buildings on the site, and I think one of the reasons we were trying to maintain the flexibility is, I don't know what the other building or buildings, will look like. This building is a different building than I brought you three years ago. All right. Because of differences that have taken place in the market beyond Fisher Island in other areas. And as to what's going to take place in the remainder of the site, we need the flexibility to be able to respond. I don't know, and you couldn't ask me today will there be two or three more buildings on this site? I don't know. Ιt will depend upon the market, what's out there. The first units on Fisher Island, just to give you an idea, were 2200 square feet in size. Those are the units over by the main marina.

Unfortunately, I am the lawyer who runs with the land. I have been with the Fisher Island since the beginning, and it was thought in those years -- it was brilliant -- 2200

square foot units. Those units were quite different than the 4,000 and 5,000, 6,000 square foot units that are being built today on Fisher Island in this marketplace, and the buildings were going to have necessarily be different. We will have to come back to you with each of the buildings and prove that it integrates into the site from the point of view that we are doing now.

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We are showing you how this building integrates into the as-built character of the rest of the site where Villa del Mare was approved alone. Okay. Not with the rest of the site, and this building is two-thirds the size of Villa del Mare with totally different unit layouts than were there before. And so we need that marketing flexibility, but we cannot avoid coming back to this board. Not that I would like to, of course, because I make my living doing it, but we will be back before you, and you will ask those questions as to context, et cetera. But again, we don't know what the next building is going to be until we see what the marketplace is.

MR. NEVILLE: Peter, do you have anything

1 | else to add? Okay.

Gary?

MR. KNIGHT: I guess I am not impressed with this building. I am -- I don't think it has sufficiently interesting architectural elements to make it worthwhile to spend two or \$3 million on a condominium in it. So I don't really understand if this is indeed a market response, what the nature of the market is because I would want to live, if I am going to spend that kind of money, in something that is architecturally much more interesting even if it is Mediterranean Revival, and even if it is in the context of sort of a Disney-esque

Mediterranean location.

I think that the building can be a better building as -- in order to meet what I would think would be your marketing concerns and also what I think should be the design concerns that we have.

I don't think it, however, doesn't -- that the whole idea of a Mediterranean building like this doesn't have any -- fits within the context of the County portion of the property and the City portion of the property, and I don't see

else to add? Okay.

Gary?

MR. KNIGHT: I guess I am not impressed with this building. I am -- I don't think it has sufficiently interesting architectural elements to make it worthwhile to spend two or \$3 million on a condominium in it. So I don't really understand if this is indeed a market response, what the nature of the market is because I would want to live, if I am going to spend that kind of money, in something that is architecturally much more interesting even if it is Mediterranean Revival, and even if it is in the context of sort of a Disney-esque

I think that the building can be a better building as -- in order to meet what I would think would be your marketing concerns and also what I think should be the design concerns that we have.

I don't think it, however, doesn't -- that the whole idea of a Mediterranean building like this doesn't have any -- fits within the context of the County portion of the property and the City portion of the property, and I don't see

that this -- it's the board's purview to change 1 So I would -- I that particular correction. propose that we continue it, see a better design and move forward.

> Thanks, Gary. MR. NEVILLE:

Steve.

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I will move --MR. KNIGHT:

I am sorry. Steve, do you MR. NEVILLE: want to add anything?

Yes, I think -- think my MR. LEFTON: comments are going to be pretty much along the same vein, but I want to provide as much clarity to the applicant as possible if we can come to some level of consensus.

I don't have an issue with things like separation or the size of building or the mass of the building. My problem is with the actual building, and I think we need to separate those issues. I mean, it's the architecture, I think, and going to heightening the quality of the architecture of this particular building, it seems to me like it's a Med. Revival skin on a very simple rectangular building, and I guess I would challenge the design team to look to a building that has some more movement and some

animation beyond this rectangular sort of column system that we see in a lot of some of the more contemporary buildings. That's what was applied, and then a skin put on it.

So that is my biggest concern is that I do believe that on this style or this, the direction of Med. Revival, I don't think this is what we are looking for in this building; that what has been presented in this building meets the quality of some of the other buildings and would heighten the quality of Fisher Island. If that's what we are trying to do, and I think it is.

So I do want to make it clear, everybody is in agreement, that we are looking for something that is contextually appropriate with the buildings on Fisher Island and put that debate to rest. And focus on the actual buildings so the architect can bring us back something that we can really move forward with.

MR. NEVILLE: I think that's very well stated. I think we all agree in that.

Anybody want to make a motion then?

MR. LEFTON: I will make the motion. I

will make the motion to continue with a request

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      that the architect come back to us with a
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      building that's architecturally contextually
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      appropriate for Fisher -- what we see existing
      on Fisher Island to address the -- how would you
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      describe this -- the -- not so much the scale,
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      the movement of the building. The overall mass
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      I believe is acceptable, to the movement within
 8
      the building to create more of a -- maybe
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      animation within the facades or to address the
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      lack of massing articulation.
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           MR. MOONEY:
                        Okay. Cliff, when would you
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      like to come back?
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           MR. SCHULMAN:
                          Are you available tomorrow?
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      I think we can churn this out overnight.
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     don't see a problem with that.
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          MR. NEVILLE:
                         Why don't we just do it
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     tonight?
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          MR. SCHULMAN:
                          Why don't we just stick
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     around through the planning board meeting.
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     can probably get it done at the end of the
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     planning board meeting. We would like to be on
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     next available agenda.
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          MR. MOONEY: May, so you continue May 18th.
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          MR. NEVILLE:
                         Okay.
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Tom, what's the deadline for

MR. SCHULMAN:

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      filing revised plans?
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           MR. MOONEY:
                         Next week, you are looking at
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      middle to late next week.
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                          Did anyone second that?
           MR. NEVILLE:
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           MR. SCHULMAN: Late next week?
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           MR. MOONEY:
                         Yes.
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                         I will second it.
           MR. KNIGHT:
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           MR. NEVILLE: Gary seconds. All in favor,
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      say aye. All opposed? None opposed.
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           MR. SCHULMAN:
                           Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
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            (Whereupon, the proceedings concluded at
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      1:10 p.m.)
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1 HEARING CERTIFICATE 2 3 4 STATE OF FLORIDA SS: 5 COUNTY OF MIAMI-DADE) 6 I, Darby Ginsberg, Registered Professional 7 Reporter, certify that I was authorized and did 8 stenographically report the foregoing proceedings and 9 that this transcript is a true and complete record of 10 the proceedings before the Court. 11 12 I further certify that I am not a relative, 13 employee, attorney, or counsel for any of the parties 14 nor am I a relative of, employee of any of the 15 parties; attorney of counsel connected with the 16 action, nor am I financially interested in the 17 action. 18 19 20 DATED this 26th day of June, 2004. 21 22 Darley Ansley 23

Darby Ginsberg, RPR

Notary Public

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